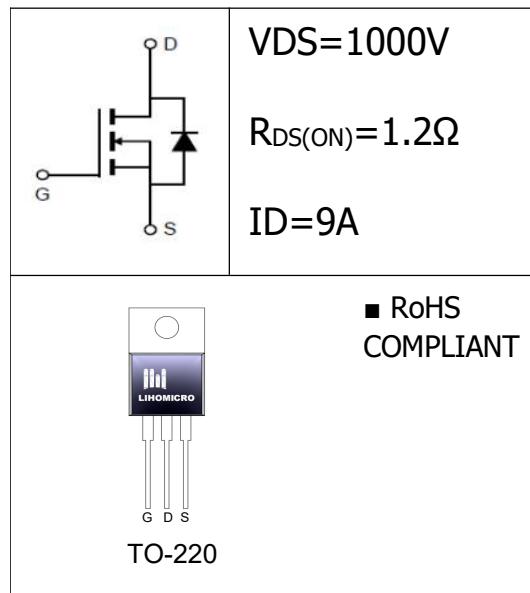


**•General Description**

The Power MOSFET LH9N100 has the low  $R_{DS(on)}$ ,low gate charge,fast switching and excellent avalanche characteristics.This device offers extremely fast and robust body diode,and is suitable for telecom and power supplies.


**•Features**

- Low Thermal Resistance
- Fast Switching
- High Input Resistance

**•Application**

- LED/LCD/PDP TV and monitor Lighting
- Power Supplies

**•Ordering Information:**

Part number	LH9N100		
Package	TO-220		
Basic ordering unit (pcs)	1000		
Normal Package Material Ordering Code	LH9N100T-TO220-TU		
Halogen Free Ordering Code	LH9N100T-TO220-TU-HF		

**•Absolute Maximum Ratings (TC =25°C)**

PARAMETER	SYMBOL	Value	UNIT
Drain-Source Breakdown Voltage	$BV_{DSS}$	1000	V
Gate-Source Voltage	$V_{GS}$	$\pm 30$	V
Continuous Drain Current TC = 25°C TC = 100°C	$I_D$	9	A
		5.4	
Pulsed drain current (TC = 25°C, tp limited by Tjmax) <sup>1</sup>	$I_{DM}$	36	A
Single Pulse Avalanche Energy <sup>2</sup>	$E_{AS}$	405	mJ
Power Dissipation(TC=25°C)	$P_D$	160	W
Junction Temperature	$T_J$	-55~+150	°C
Storage Temperature	$T_{STG}$	-55~+150	°C

**• Electronic Characteristics**

PARAMETER	SYMBOL	TEST CONDITION	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNIT
Drain-Source Breakdown Voltage	$BV_{DSS}$	$V_{GS} = 0V, I_D = 250\mu A$	1000	1100	--	V
Gate Threshold Voltage	$V_{GS(TH)}$	$V_{DS} = V_{GS}, I_D = 250\mu A$	2.5	--	4.5	V
Drain-source On Resistance <sup>3</sup>	$R_{DS(ON)}$	$V_{GS} = 10V, I_D = 6A$	--	1.2	1.4	$\Omega$
Drain-Source Leakage Current	$I_{DSS}$	$V_{DS} = 1000V, V_{GS} = 0V, T_J = 25^\circ C$	--	--	10	$\mu A$
		$V_{DS} = 1000V, V_{GS} = 0V, T_J = 125^\circ C$	--	--	250	
Gate-Source Leakage Current	$I_{GSS}$	$V_{GS} = \pm 30$	--	--	$\pm 10$	$\mu A$
Forward Transconductance <sup>3</sup>	$g_{fs}$	$V_{DS} = 15V, I_D = 6A$	--	15	--	S
Input Capacitance	$C_{iss}$	$V_{GS} = 0V, V_{DS} = 25V, f = 1.0MHz$	--	3200	--	$pF$
Output Capacitance	$C_{oss}$		--	250	--	
Reverse transfer Capacitance	$C_{rss}$		--	20	--	
Turn -Off Delay Time <sup>3</sup>	$T_{d(off)}$	$V_{DD} = 600V, R_G = 25\Omega$	--	51	--	ns
Total Gate Charge	$Q_g$	$I_D = 3A, V_{DS} = 960V, V_{GS} = 10V$	--	80	--	$nC$
Gate-to-Source Charge	$Q_{gs}$		--	16	--	
Gate-to-Drain Charge	$Q_{gd}$		--	42	--	
Continuous Diode Forward Current	$I_s$		--	--	9.0	A
Pulsed Diode Forward Current	$I_{SM}$		--	--	36.0	A
Diode Forward Voltage	$V_{SD}$	$T_J = 25^\circ C, I_S = 6A, V_{GS} = 0V$	--	0.9	1.5	V

**• Thermal Characteristics**

PARAMETER	SYMBOL	MAX	UNIT
Thermal Resistance Junction-case	$R_{thJC}$	0.78	$^\circ C/W$
Thermal Resistance Junction-ambient	$R_{thJA}$	62.5	$^\circ C/W$

Notes:

1. Repetitive Rating: Pulse width limited by maximum junction temperature.

2.  $I_{AS} = 9A, V_{DD} = 50V, R_G = 25\Omega, L = 10mH, \text{Starting } T_J = 25^\circ C$

3. Pulse Test : Pulse width  $\leq 300\mu s$ , Duty cycle  $\leq 2\%$

## •Typical Characteristics

Fig1 Typical Output Characteristics,  $T_c=25^\circ\text{C}$

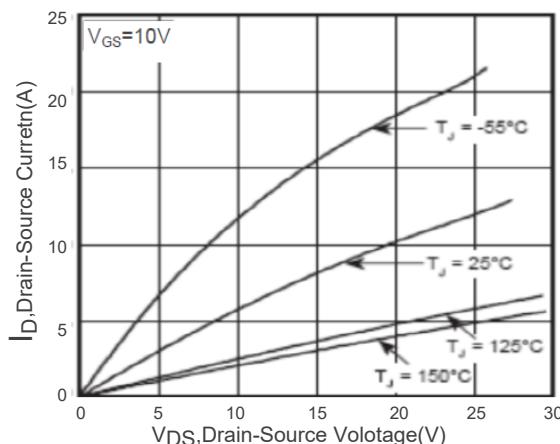


Fig3 Normalized On-Resistance Vs. $V_{GS}$

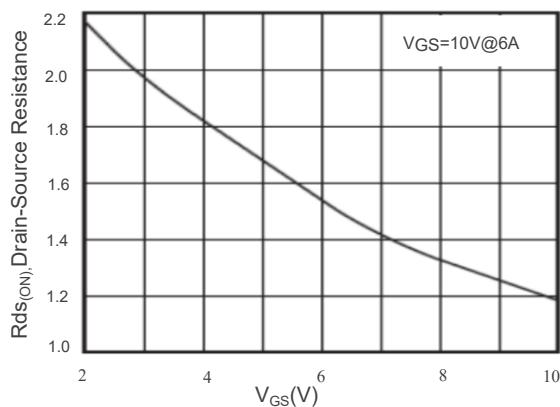


Fig5 Maximum Drain Current Vs.Case Temperature

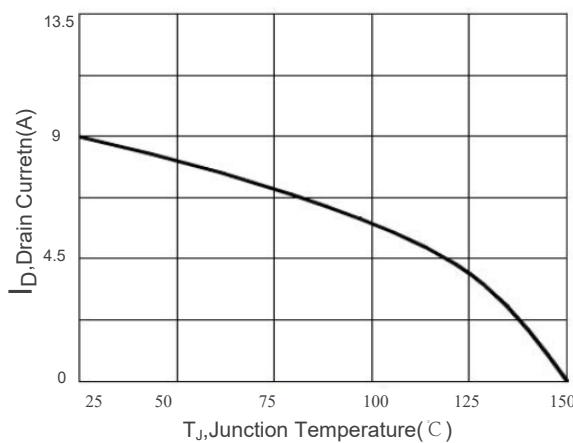


Fig2 On-Resistance Vs.Drain Current and Gate Voltage

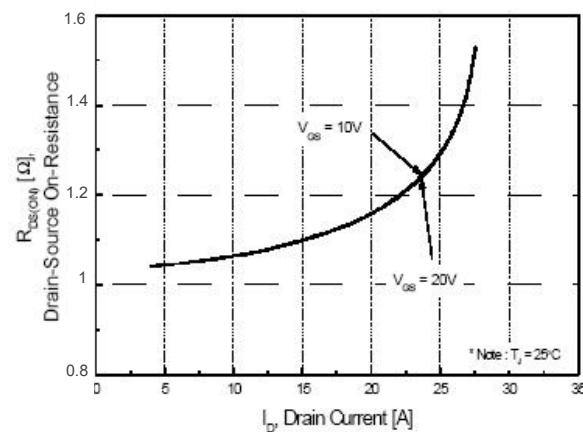


Fig4 Typical Source-Drain Diode Forward Voltage

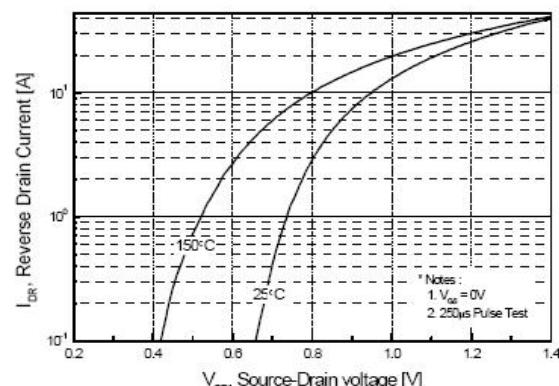
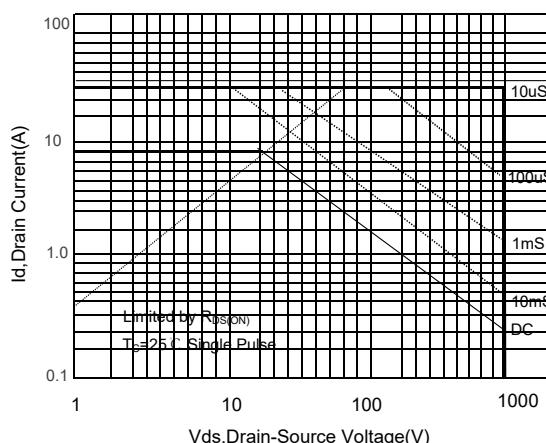


Fig6 Maximum Safe Operating Area



### •Typical Characteristics

Fig7 Capacitance vs Drain-Source Voltage

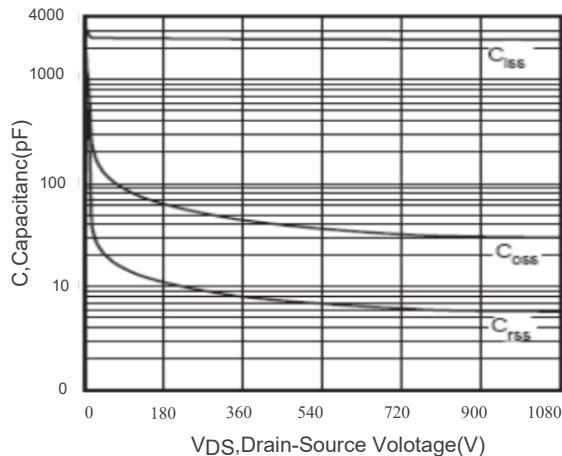


Fig8 Gate Charge vs Gate-Source Voltage

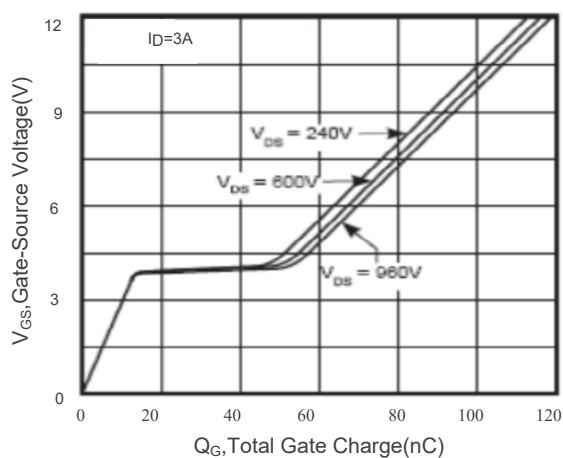
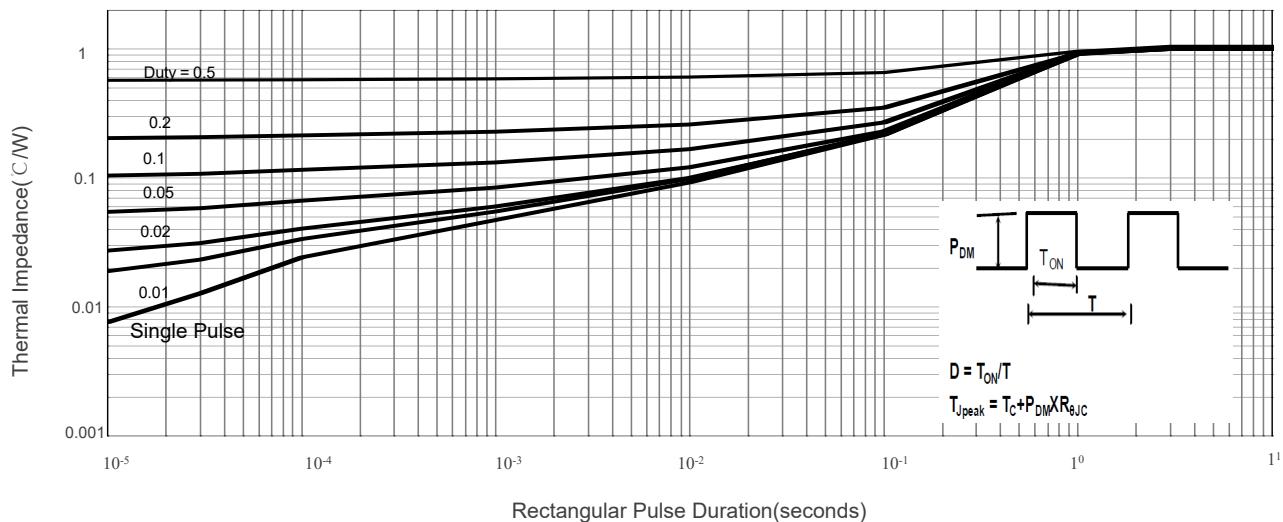


Fig9 Maximum Transient Thermal Impedance



## ● Test Circuits & Waveforms

Fig10. Gate Charge Test Circuit and Waveform

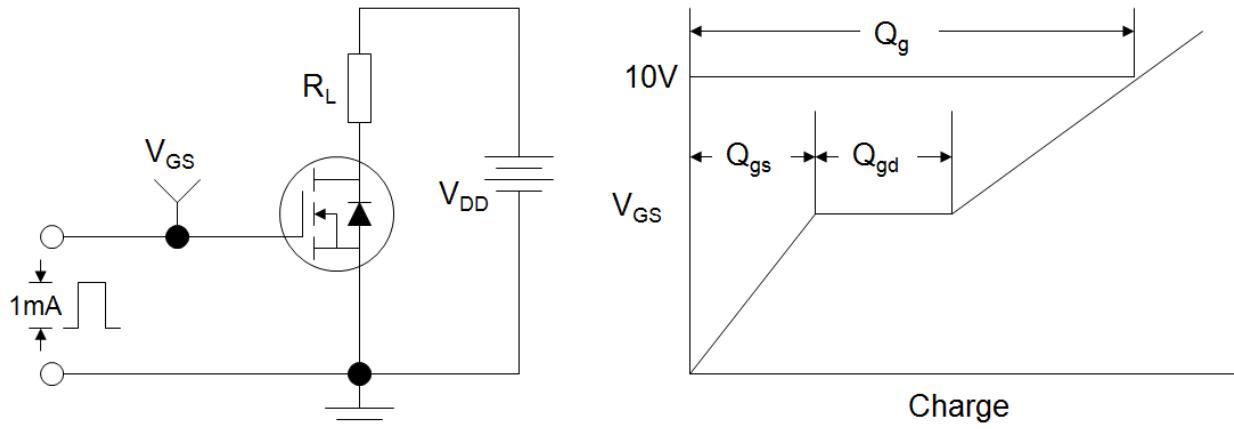


Fig11. Resistive Switching Test Circuit and Waveform

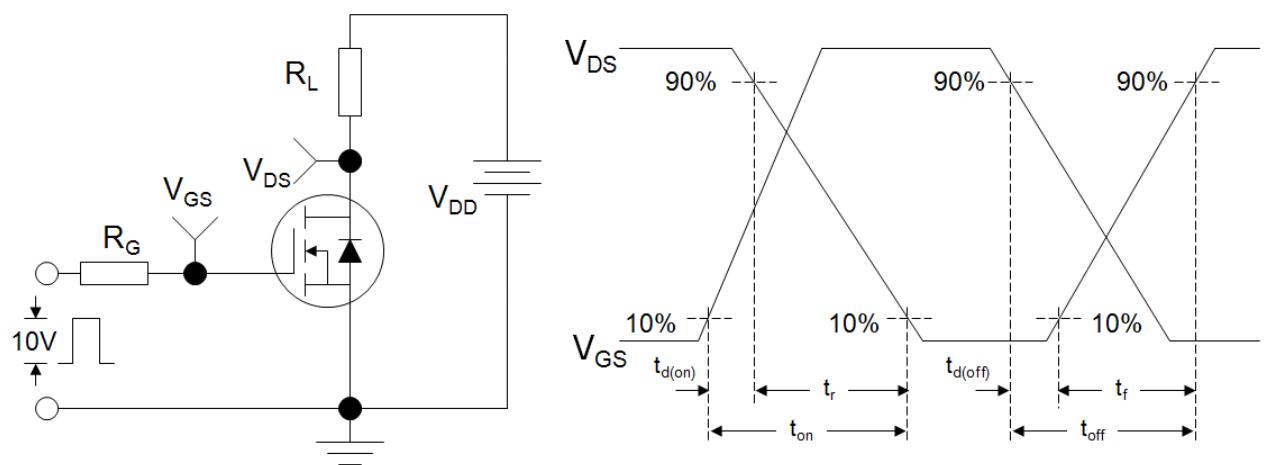
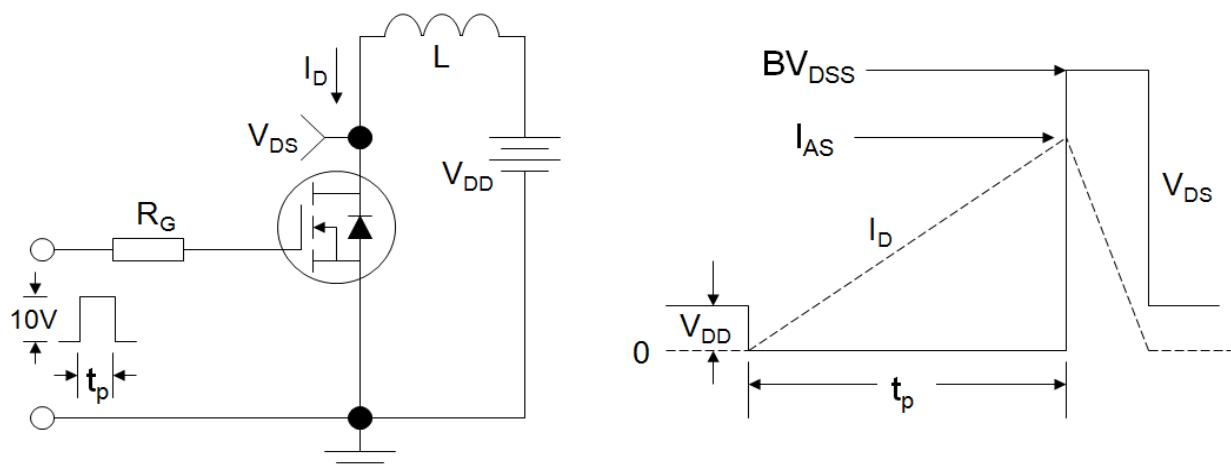


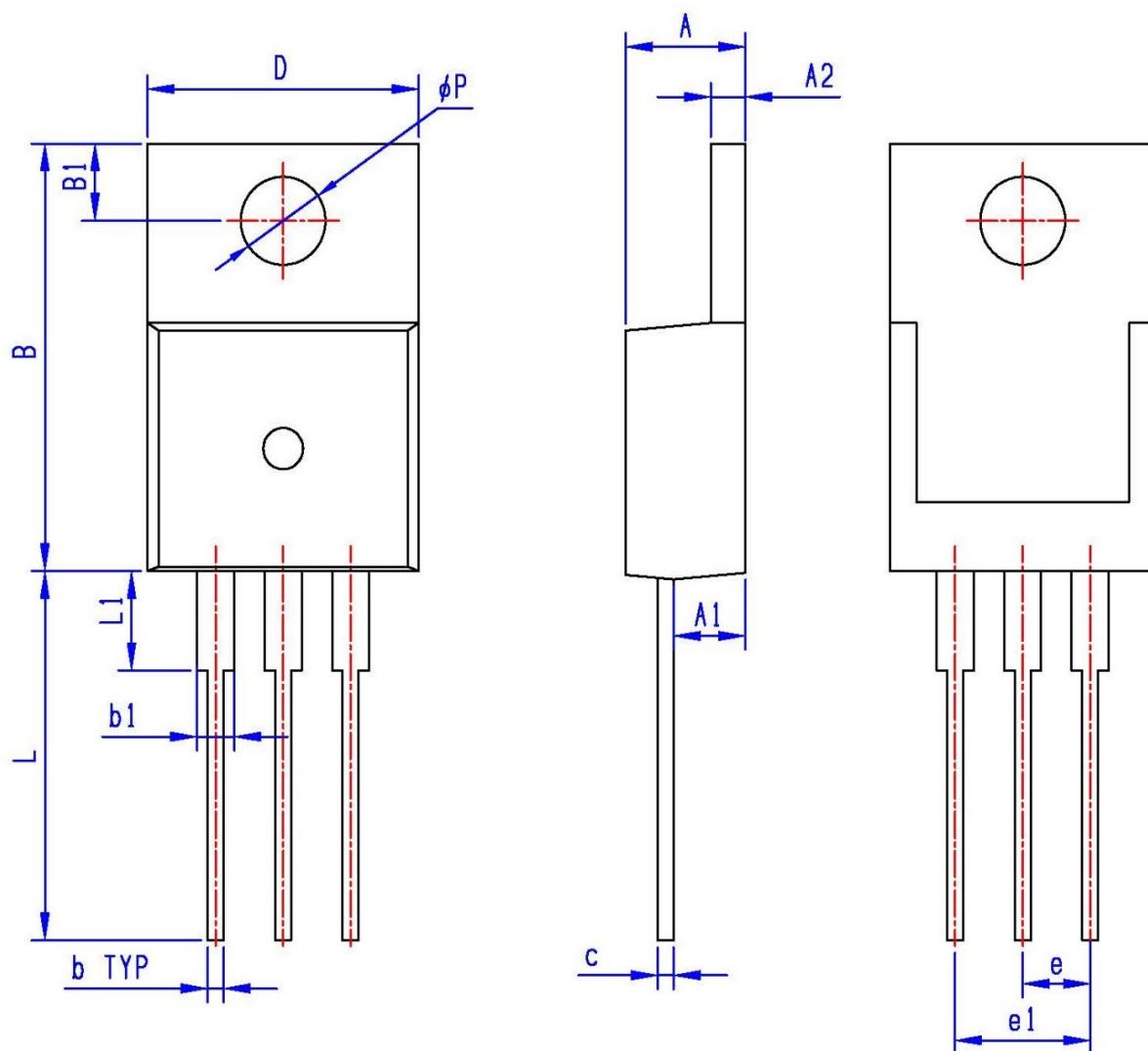
Fig12. Unclamped Inductive Switching Test Circuit and Waveform



**•Dimensions (TO-220)**

Unit:mm

SYMBOL	min	max	SYMBOL	min	max
A	4.25	4.85	B1	2.60	3.00
A1	2.30	3.00	e	2.40	2.70
A2	1.20	1.40	e1	4.95	5.25
b	0.60	0.90	L	12.40	14.20
b1	1.10	1.70	L1	2.40	3.40
c	0.40	0.70	øP	3.50	3.90
D	9.80	10.60			
B	15.20	16.20			

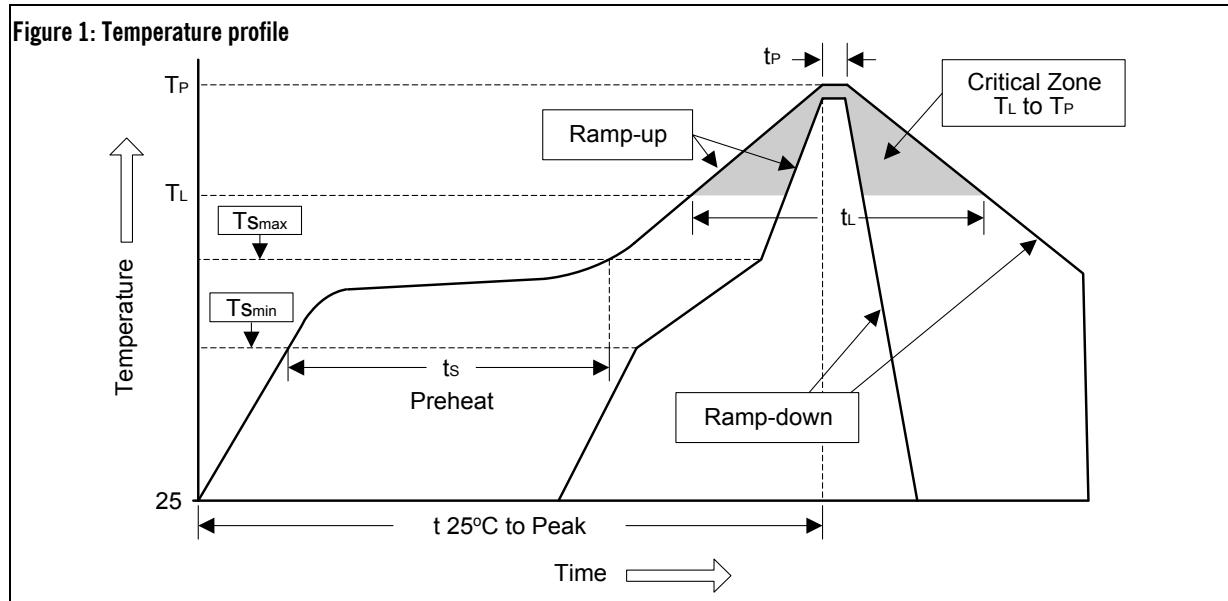


- **Soldering Methods for Lihomicro's Products**

1. Storage environment: Temperature=10°C to 35°C Humidity=65%±15%

2. Molder Plastic: UL Flammability Classification Rating 94V-0

3. Reflow soldering of surface-mount devices



### ● Classification Reflow Profiles

Average ramp-up rate ( $T_L$ to $T_P$ )	<3°C/sec	<3°C/sec
Preheat		
- Temperature Min ( $T_{S_{min}}$ )	100°C	150°C
- Temperature Max ( $T_{S_{max}}$ )	150°C	200°C
- Time (min to max) (ts)	60 to 120 sec	60 to 180 sec
$T_{Smax}$ to $T_L$	<3°C/sec	<3°C/sec
- Ramp-up Rate		
Time maintained above:		
- Temperature ( $T_L$ )	183°C	217°C
- Time ( $t_L$ )	60 to 150 sec	60 to 150 sec
Peak Temperature ( $T_P$ )	240°C +0/-5°C	260°C +0/-5°C
Time within 5°C of actual Peak Temperature ( $t_P$ )	10 to 30 sec	20 to 40 sec
Ramp-down Rate	<6°C/sec	<6°C/sec
Time 25°C to Peak Temperature	<6 minutes	<8 minutes

Flow (wave) soldering (solder dipping)

Products	Peak Temperature	Dipping Time
Pb devices.	245°C ±5°C	5sec ±1sec
Pb-Free devices.	260°C +0/-5°C	5sec ±1sec

### ● Reliability Test Program

Testitem	Method	Description
Solderability	JESD-22,B102	5sec , 245°C
Holt	JESD-22,A108	1000Hrs,Bias@125°C
PCT	JESD-22,A102	168Hrs,100%RH,2atm,121°C
TCT	JESD-22,A104	500Cycles, -65°C ~150°C