

N-Ch + P-Ch Fast Switching MOSFET
•General Description

The LH4012 uses trench technology and design to provide excellent $R_{DS(on)}$ with low gate charge. This device is suitable for high current load applications.

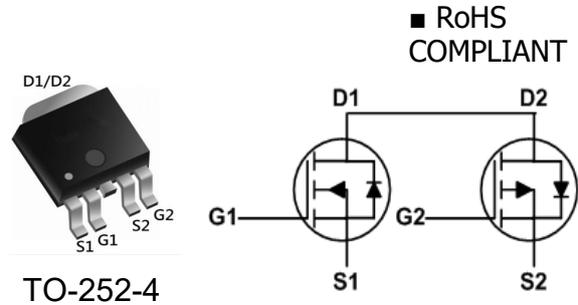
| | | |
|-------|--------------|-----|
| BVDSS | $R_{DS(on)}$ | ID |
| 40 | 19 | 30 |
| -40 | 34 | -20 |

•Features

- Advance high cell density trench technology
- Low $R_{DS(on)}$ to minimize conductive loss
- Low Gate Charge for fast switching

•Application

- Lighting
- Power Supplies


•Ordering Information:

| | |
|---------------------------------------|-------------------------|
| Part Number | LH4012 |
| Package | TO-252-4 |
| Basic Ordering Unit (pcs) | 2500 |
| Normal Package Material Ordering Code | LH4012T7-TO252-4-TAP |
| Halogen Free Ordering Code | LH4012T7-TO252-4-TAP-HF |

•Absolute Maximum Ratings (TC = 25°C)

| PARAMETER | SYMBOL | Value | | UNIT |
|--|-----------------------|----------|----------|------|
| | | N-Ch | P-Ch | |
| Drain-Source Breakdown Voltage | BV_{DSS} | 40 | -40 | V |
| Gate-Source Voltage | V_{GS} | ±20 | ±20 | V |
| Continuous Drain Current, $T_C = 25^\circ C^1$ | I_D | 30 | -20 | A |
| Continuous Drain Current, $T_C = 100^\circ C^1$ | I_D | 18 | -16 | A |
| Pulsed drain current ($T_C = 25^\circ C$, tp limited by T_{jmax}) ² | I_{DM} | 46 | -40 | A |
| Single Pulse Avalanche Energy ³ | E_{AS} | 28 | 66 | mJ |
| Power Dissipation ⁴ | $P_D(T_C=25^\circ C)$ | 25 | 31.3 | W |
| Operating Temperature | T_J | -55~+150 | -55~+150 | °C |
| Storage Temperature | T_{STG} | -55~+150 | -55~+150 | °C |

●N-Channel Electronic Characteristics

| PARAMETER | SYMBOL | TEST CONDITION | MIN | TYP | MAX | UNIT |
|---|------------------------------|--|-----|-------|-----------|------|
| Drain-Source Breakdown Voltage | BV_{DSS} | $V_{GS}=0V, I_D=250\mu A$ | 40 | -- | -- | V |
| BVDSS Temperature Coefficient | $\Delta BV_{DSS}/\Delta T_J$ | Reference to 25°C, $I_D=1mA$ | -- | 0.034 | -- | V |
| Gate Threshold Voltage | $V_{GS(TH)}$ | $V_{DS}=V_{GS}, I_D=250\mu A$ | 1.0 | 1.5 | 2.5 | V |
| $V_{GS(TH)}$ Temperature Coefficient | $\Delta V_{GS(TH)}$ | | -- | -4.56 | -- | V |
| Drain-source On Resistance ² | $R_{DS(ON)}$ | $V_{GS}=10V, I_D=12A$ | -- | 19 | 25 | mΩ |
| | | $V_{GS}=4.5V, I_D=10A$ | -- | 24 | 35 | |
| Drain-Source Leakage Current | I_{DSS} | $V_{DS}=32V, V_{GS}=0V, T_J=25^\circ C$ | -- | -- | 1 | uA |
| | | $V_{DS}=32V, V_{GS}=0V, T_J=55^\circ C$ | -- | -- | 5 | |
| Gate-Source Leakage Current | I_{GSS} | $V_{GS}=\pm 20, V_{DS}=0V$ | -- | -- | ± 100 | nA |
| Forward Transconductance | G_{FS} | $V_{DS}=5V, I_D=12A$ | -- | 8 | -- | S |
| Gate Resistance | R_g | $V_{DS}=0V, V_{GS}=0V, f=1MHz$ | -- | 2.6 | 5.2 | Ω |
| Input Capacitance | C_{iss} | $V_{GS}=0V,$ $V_{DS}=15V,$ $f=1.0MHz$ | -- | 593 | -- | pF |
| Output Capacitance | C_{oss} | | -- | 76 | -- | |
| Reverse transfer Capacitance | C_{rss} | | -- | 56 | -- | |
| Turn-On Delay Time | $T_{d(on)}$ | $V_{DD}=20V,$ $V_{GS}=10V,$ $R_G=3.3\Omega,$ $I_D=1A$ | -- | 8.9 | -- | nS |
| Turn-Off Delay Time | $T_{d(off)}$ | | -- | 41 | -- | |
| Turn-On Rise Time | T_r | | -- | 2.2 | -- | |
| Turn-Off Fall Time | T_f | | -- | 2.7 | -- | |
| Total Gate Charge | Q_g | $I_D=12A,$ $V_{DS}=20V,$ $V_{GS}=4.5V$ | -- | 5.5 | --- | nC |
| Gate-to-Source Charge | Q_{gs} | | -- | 1.25 | -- | |
| Gate-to-Drain Charge | Q_{gd} | | -- | 2.5 | --- | |
| Continuous Diode Forward Current ^{1,5} | I_S | $V_{GS}=V_{DS}=0V,$ Force Current | -- | -- | 23 | A |
| Pulsed Diode Forward Current ^{2,5} | I_{SM} | | -- | -- | 46 | A |
| Diode Forward Voltage ² | V_{SD} | $T_J=25^\circ C, I_S=-20A,$ $V_{GS}=0V$ | -- | -- | 1.2 | V |

Notes:

- 1.The data tested by surface mounted on a 1 inch² FR-4 board with 2OZ copper;
- 2.The data tested by Pulsed,Pulse width $\leq 300\mu s$, Duty cycle $\leq 2\%$;
- 3.The EAS data shows Max. rating.The Test condition is $L=0.1mH, I_{AS}=17.8A, V_{DD}=25V, V_{GS}=10V$;
- 4.The Power Dissipation is limited by 150°C junction temperature;
- 5.The data is theoretically the same as ID and IDM , in real applications , should be limited by total power dissipation.

•P-Channel Typical Characteristics

| PARAMETER | SYMBOL | TEST CONDITION | MIN | TYP | MAX | UNIT |
|---|------------------------------|---|------|-------|------|------|
| Drain-Source Breakdown Voltage | BV_{DSS} | $V_{GS}=0V, I_D=-250\mu A$ | -40 | -- | -- | V |
| BVDSS Temperature Coefficient | $\Delta BV_{DSS}/\Delta T_J$ | Reference to 25°C, $I_D=-1mA$ | -- | 0.012 | -- | V |
| Gate Threshold Voltage | $V_{GS(TH)}$ | $V_{DS}=V_{GS}, I_D=-250\mu A$ | -1.0 | -1.5 | -2.5 | V |
| $V_{GS(TH)}$ Temperature Coefficient | $\Delta V_{GS(TH)}$ | | -- | -4.32 | -- | V |
| Drain-source On Resistance ² | $R_{DS(ON)}$ | $V_{GS}=-10V, I_D=-8A$ | -- | 34 | 40 | mΩ |
| | | $V_{GS}=-4.5V, I_D=-5A$ | -- | 47 | 65 | |
| Drain-Source Leakage Current | I_{DSS} | $V_{DS}=-32V, V_{GS}=0V, T_J=25^\circ C$ | -- | -- | 1 | μA |
| | | $V_{DS}=-32V, V_{GS}=0V, T_J=55^\circ C$ | -- | -- | 5 | |
| Gate-Source Leakage Current | I_{GSS} | $V_{GS}=\pm 20, V_{DS}=0V$ | -- | -- | ±100 | nA |
| Forward Transconductance | G_{FS} | $V_{DS}=-5V, I_D=-8A$ | -- | 12.6 | -- | S |
| Gate Resistance | R_g | $V_{DS}=0V, V_{GS}=0V, f=1MHz$ | -- | 13 | 16 | Ω |
| Input Capacitance | C_{iss} | $V_{GS}=0V, V_{DS}=-15V, f=1.0MHz$ | -- | 1004 | -- | pF |
| Output Capacitance | C_{oss} | | -- | 108 | -- | |
| Reverse transfer Capacitance | C_{rss} | | -- | 80 | -- | |
| Turn-On Delay Time | $T_{d(on)}$ | $V_{DD}=-15V, V_{GS}=-10V, R_G=3.3\Omega, I_D=1A$ | -- | 19.2 | -- | nS |
| Turn-Off Delay Time | $T_{d(off)}$ | | -- | 48.6 | -- | |
| Turn-On Rise Time | T_r | | -- | 12.8 | -- | |
| Turn-Off Fall Time | T_f | | -- | 4.6 | -- | |
| Total Gate Charge | Q_g | $I_D=-12A, V_{DS}=-20V, V_{GS}=-4.5V$ | -- | 9 | --- | nC |
| Gate-to-Source Charge | Q_{gs} | | -- | 2.54 | -- | |
| Gate-to-Drain Charge | Q_{gd} | | -- | 3.1 | --- | |
| Continuous Diode Forward Current ^{1,5} | I_S | $V_{GS}=V_{DS}=0V, \text{Force Current}$ | -- | -- | -20 | A |
| Pulsed Diode Forward Current ^{2,5} | I_{SM} | | -- | -- | -40 | A |
| Diode Forward Voltage ² | V_{SD} | $T_J=25^\circ C, I_S=-1A, V_{GS}=0V$ | -- | -- | -1.2 | V |

•Thermal Characteristics

| PARAMETER | SYMBOL | MAX | UNIT |
|--|------------|-----|------|
| Thermal Resistance Junction-case ¹ | R_{thJC} | 5 | °C/W |
| Thermal Resistance Junction-ambient ¹ | R_{thJA} | 62 | °C/W |

Notes:

1. The data tested by surface mounted on a 1 inch² FR-4 board with 2OZ copper;
2. The data tested by Pulsed, Pulse width ≤ 300μs, Duty cycle ≤ 2%;
3. The EAS data shows Max. rating. The Test condition is L=0.1mH, $I_{AS}=-20A, V_{DD}=-25V, V_{GS}=-10V$;
4. The Power Dissipation is limited by 150°C junction temperature;
5. The data is theoretically the same as ID and IDM, in real applications, should be limited by total power dissipation.

● **N-Ch Typical Characteristics**

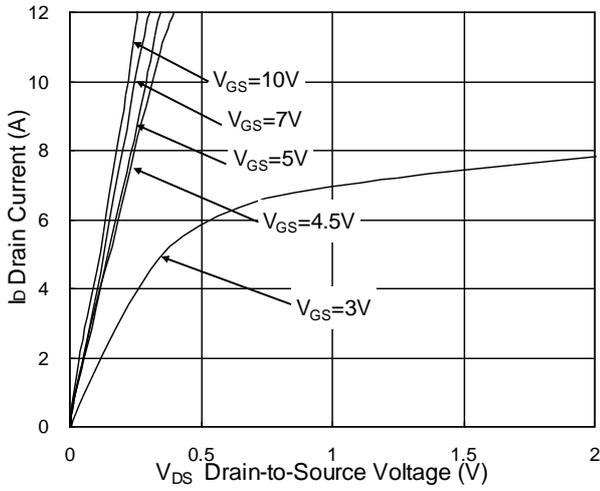


Fig.1 Typical Output Characteristics

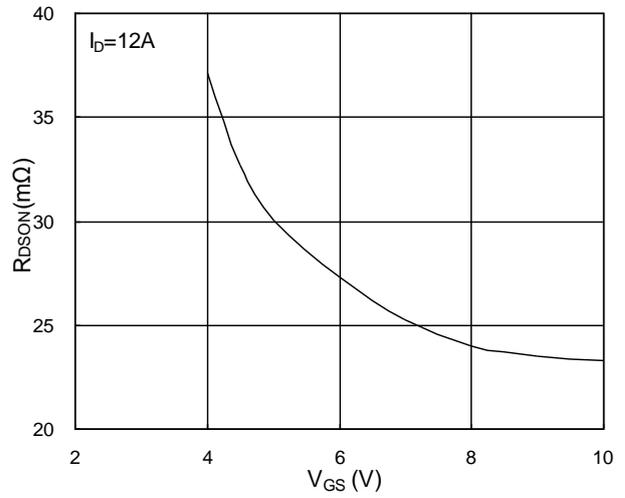


Fig.2 On-Resistance vs. G-S Voltage

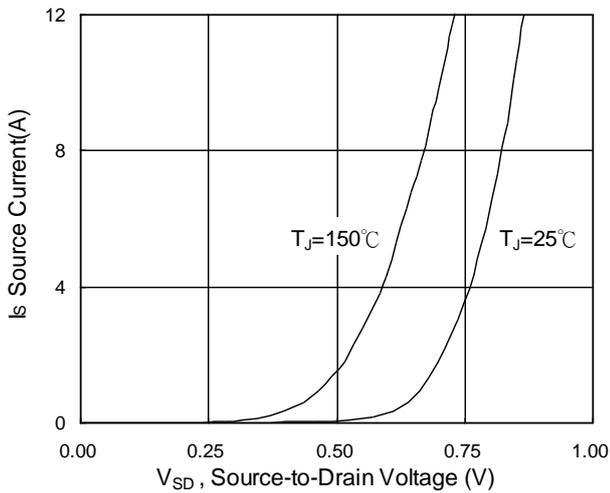


Fig.3 Forward Characteristics of Reverse

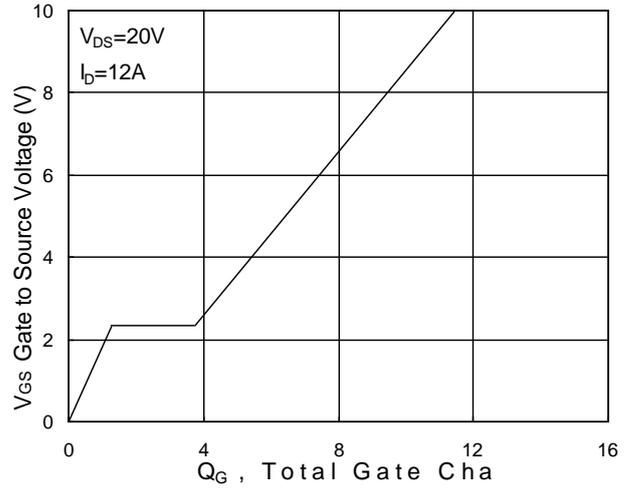


Fig.4 Gate-Charge Characteristics

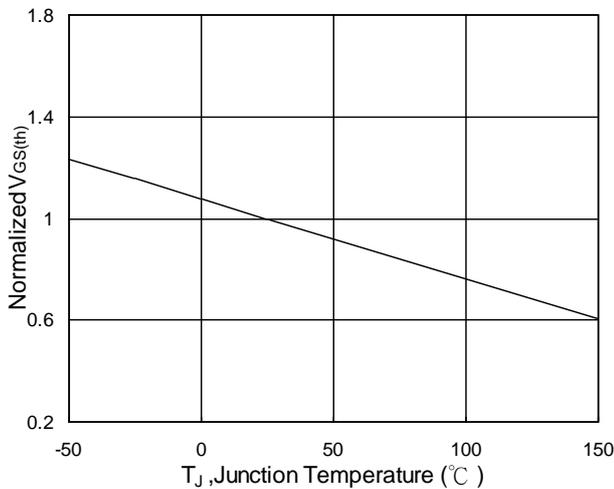


Fig.5 Normalized $V_{GS(th)}$ vs. T_J

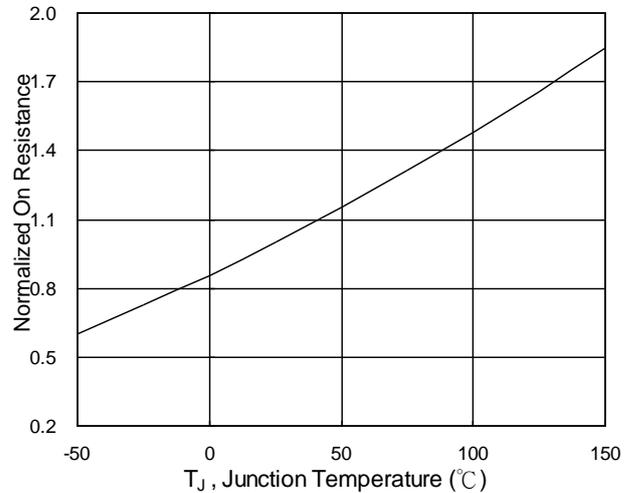


Fig.6 Normalized $R_{DS(on)}$ vs. T_J

●N-Ch Typical Characteristics(Cont.)

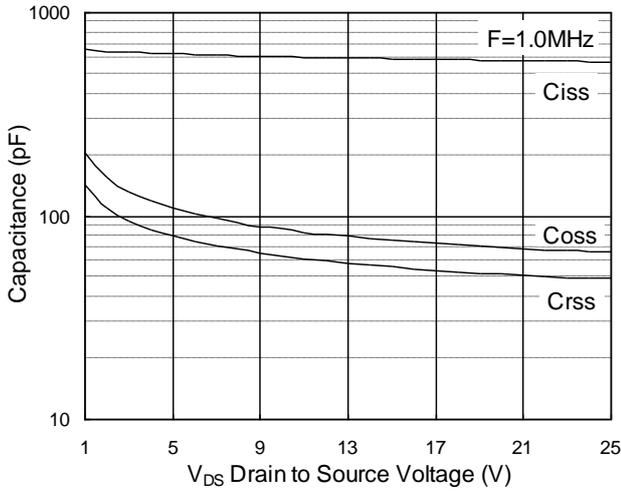


Fig.7 Capacitance

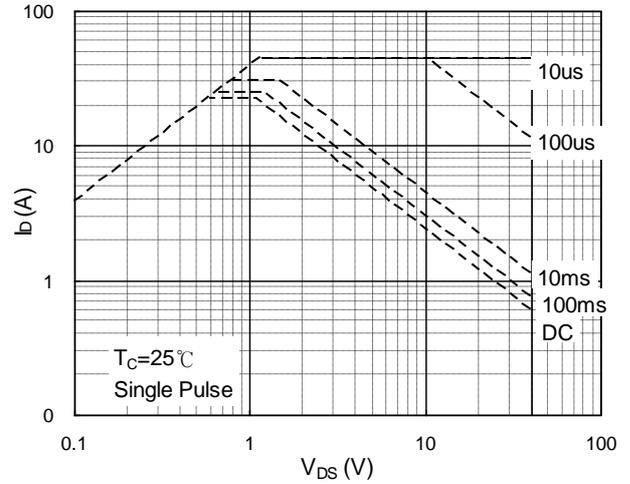


Fig.8 Safe Operating Area

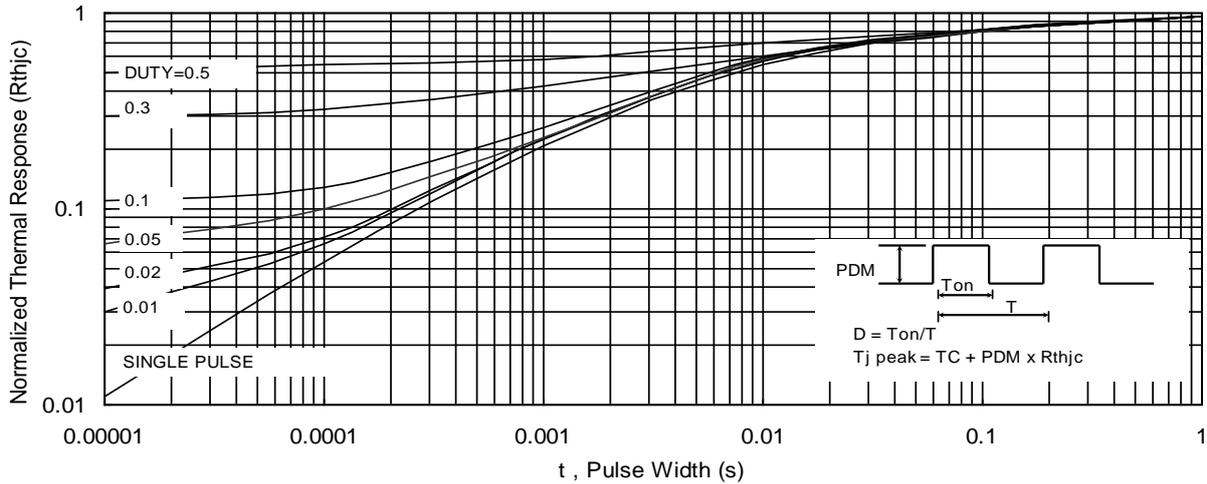


Fig.9 Normalized Maximum Transient Thermal Impedance

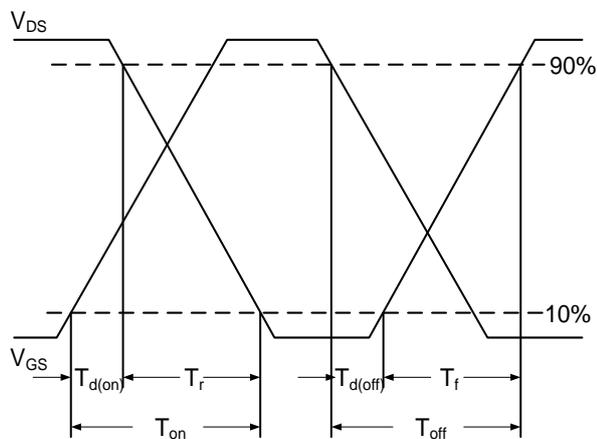


Fig.10 Switching Time Waveform

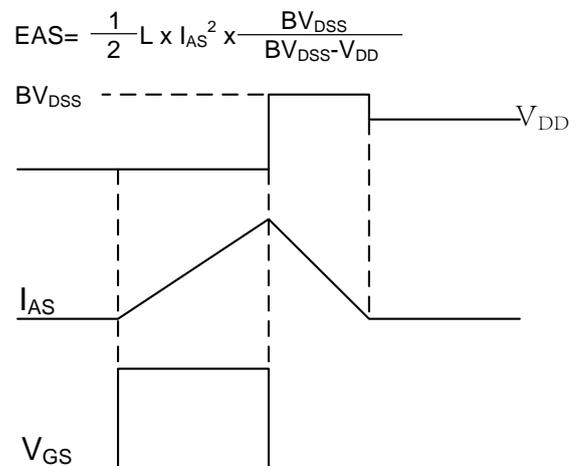


Fig.11 Unclamped Inductive Switching Wave

● P-Channel Typical Characteristics

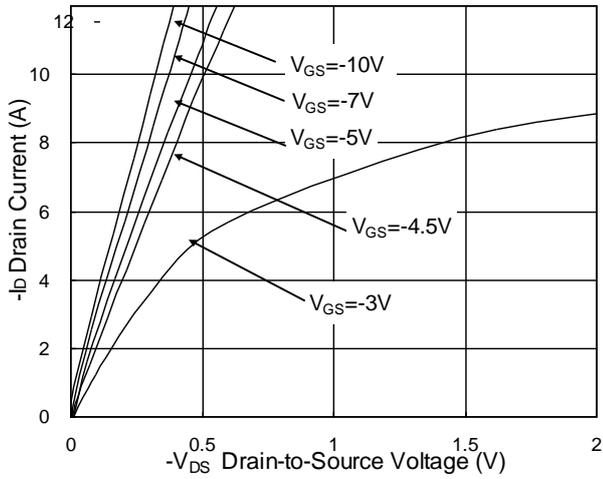


Fig.1 Typical Output Characteristics

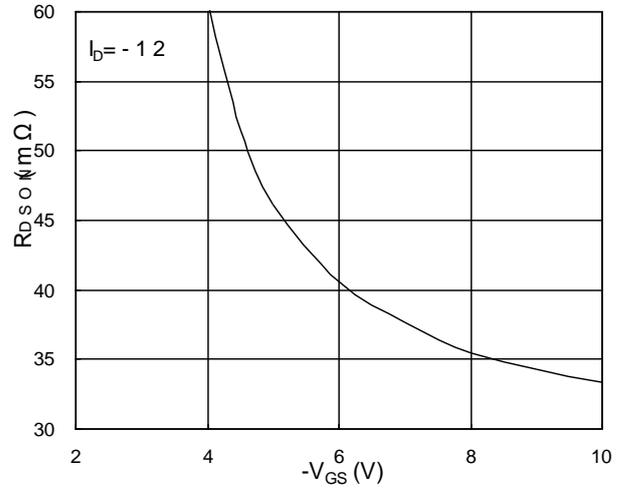


Fig.2 On-Resistance v.s Gate-Source

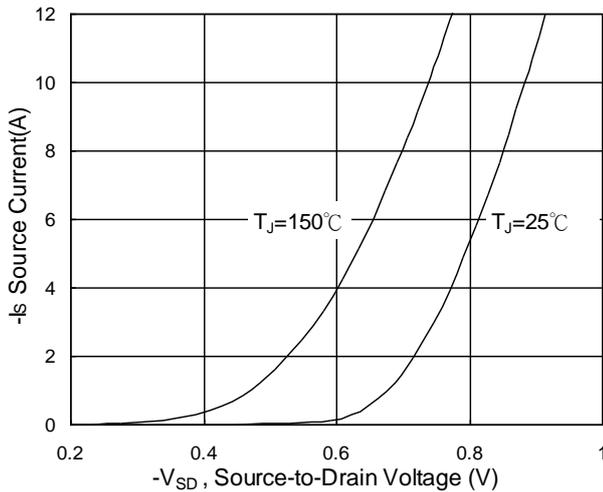


Fig.3 Forward Characteristics of Reverse

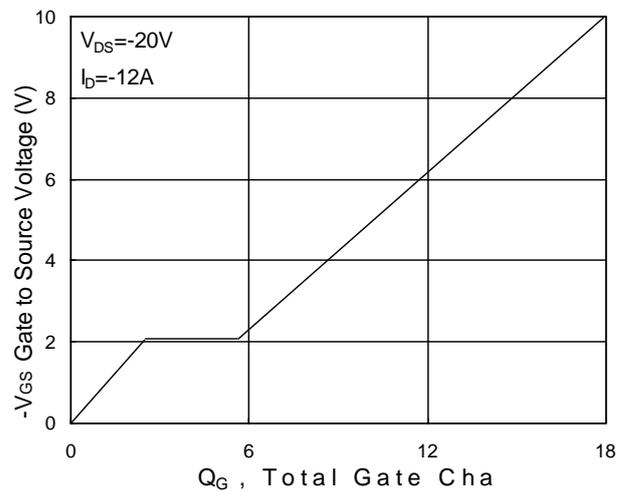


Fig.4 Gate-Charge Characteristics

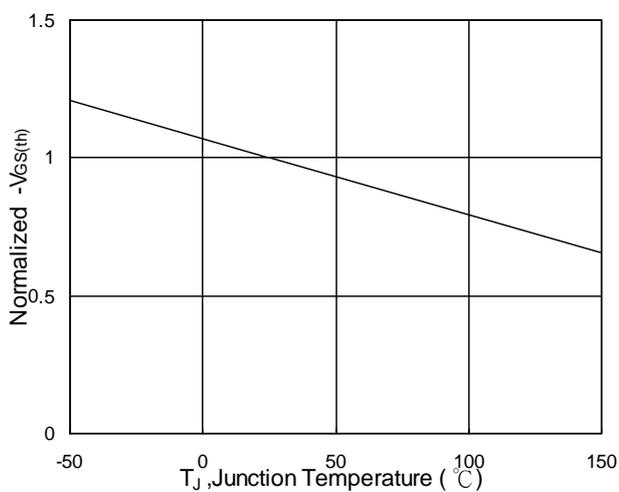


Fig.5 Normalized $V_{GS(th)}$ v.s T_J

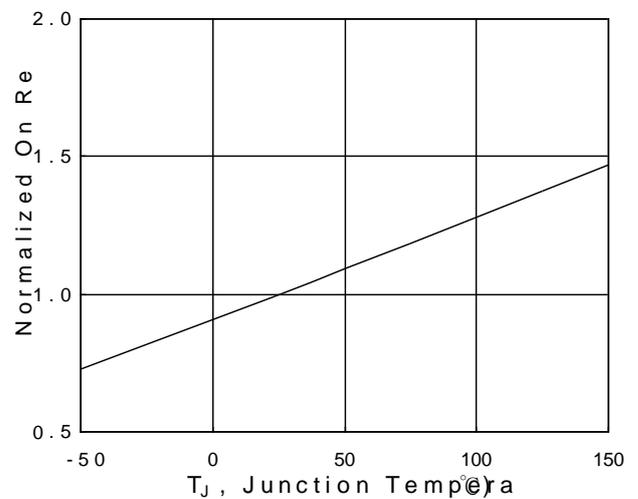


Fig.6 Normalized $R_{DS(on)}$ v.s T_J

● P-Channel Typical Characteristics(cont.)

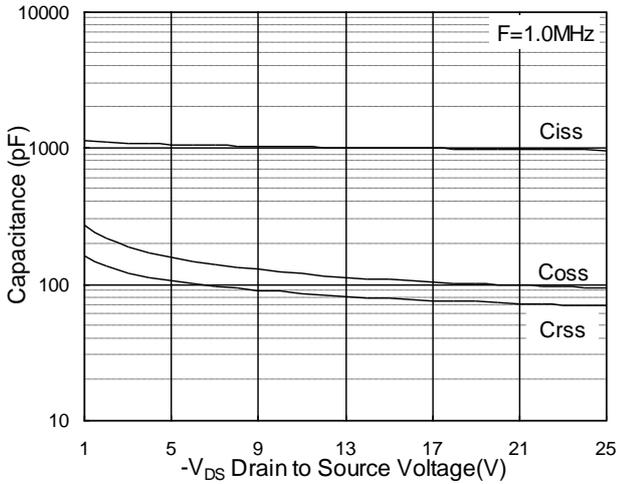


Fig.7 Capacitance

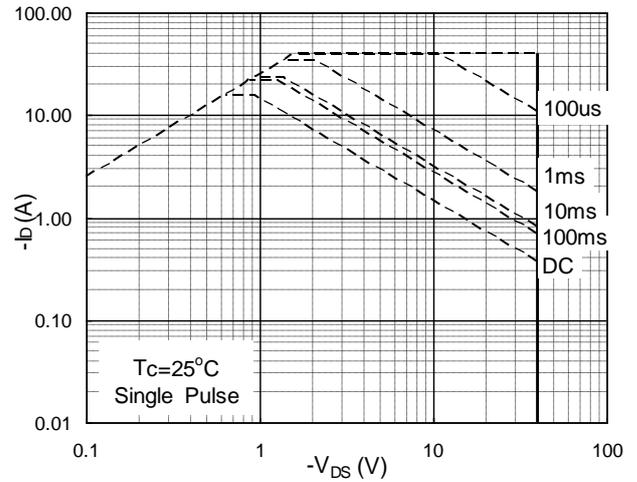


Fig.8 Safe Operating Area

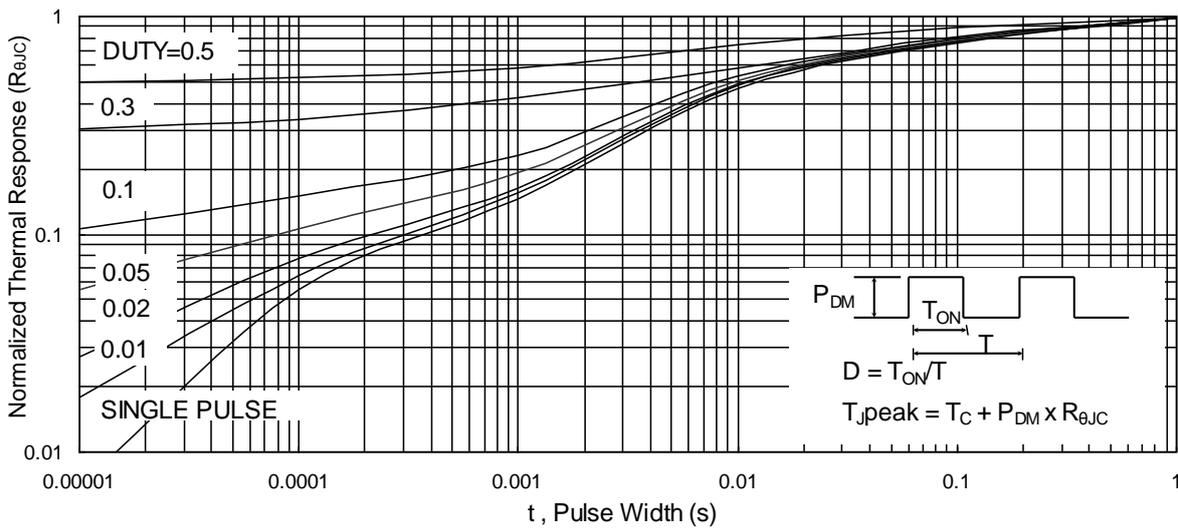


Fig.9 Normalized Maximum Transient Thermal Impedance

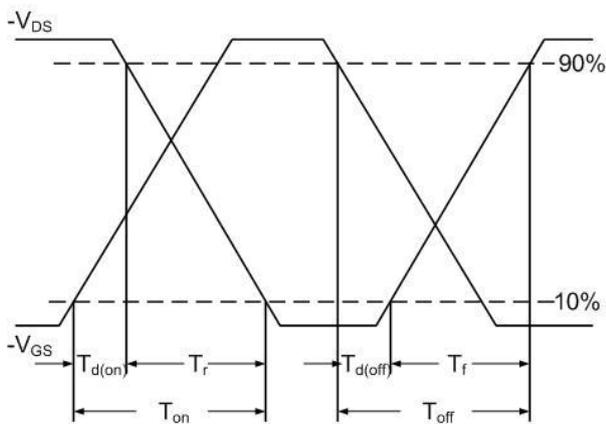


Fig.10 Switching Time Waveform

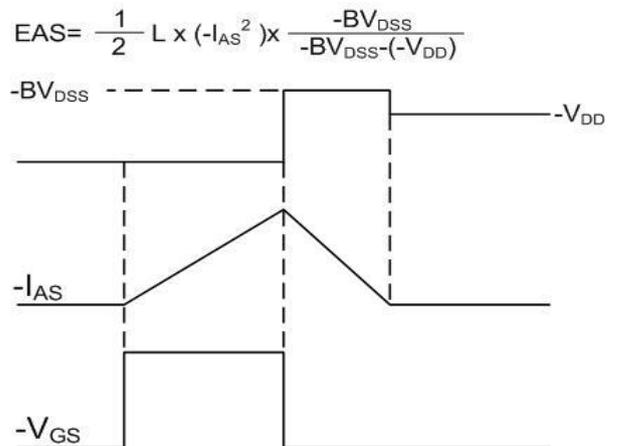


Fig.11 Unclamped Inductive Waveform